

# **DOCUMENTATION ISG-kernel**

# PLC library McpPLCopen Part 4 Extension

Short Description: MCP-P4 Ext

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### Preface

#### Legal information

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No claims may be made for products which have already been delivered if such claims are based on the specifications, figures and descriptions contained in this documentation.

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This description is solely intended for skilled technicians who were trained in control, automation and drive systems and who are familiar with the applicable standards, the relevant documentation and the machining application.

It is absolutely vital to refer to this documentation, the instructions below and the explanations to carry out installation and commissioning work. Skilled technicians are under the obligation to use the documentation duly published for every installation and commissioning operation.

Skilled technicians must ensure that the application or use of the products described fulfil all safety requirements including all applicable laws, regulations, provisions and standards.

#### **Further information**

#### Links below (DE)

https://www.isg-stuttgart.de/produkte/softwareprodukte/isg-kernel/dokumente-und-downloads

or (EN)

https://www.isg-stuttgart.de/en/products/softwareproducts/isg-kernel/documents-and-downloads

contains further information on messages generated in the NC kernel, online help, PLC libraries, tools, etc. in addition to the current documentation.

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### General and safety instructions

#### Icons used and their meanings

This documentation uses the following icons next to the safety instruction and the associated text. Please read the (safety) instructions carefully and comply with them at all times.

#### Icons in explanatory text

Indicates an action.

 $\Rightarrow$  Indicates an action statement.



### **A** DANGER

#### Acute danger to life!

If you fail to comply with the safety instruction next to this icon, there is immediate danger to human life and health.



#### 

#### Personal injury and damage to machines!

If you fail to comply with the safety instruction next to this icon, it may result in personal injury or damage to machines.



#### Attention

#### **Restriction or error**

This icon describes restrictions or warns of errors.



#### Notice

#### Tips and other notes

This icon indicates information to assist in general understanding or to provide additional information.



#### Example

#### General example

Example that clarifies the text.



### Programing Example

#### NC programming example

Programming example (complete NC program or program sequence) of the described function or NC command.



#### **Release Note**

#### Specific version information

Optional or restricted function. The availability of this function depends on the configuration and the scope of the version.

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## 1 Definitions

### 1.1 Abbreviations

AXHLI	Axis-specific High-Level Interface
СМ	Continuous Motion (endless rotation)
DM	Discrete Motion (positioning)
FB	Function Block
FBSD	FB State Diagram
HLI	High-Level Interface between MC and PLC
MC	Motion Controller
MCP	Motion Control Platform
MCE	Motion Control Engine
MC-FB Motion Controller Function Block	
NL Slope	Non-linear slope
PCS	Part program coordinate system
PLC Programmable Logic Control	
POE	Program Organisation Unit
SAI	Single Axis Interpolator

### 1.2 Explanations of terms

Axis group	A combination of axes which can execute a motion on a spatial curve coordinated by a channel while maintaining the specified values for velocity, acceleration and jerk on this spatial curve.	
CoDeSys	PLC programming system from 3S Smart Software Solutions	
Function block:	Internal order format of the ISG Motion Controller.	
HLI library	Access to the memory interface to the ISG-MCE.	
ISG-MCE	This stands for the ISG NC Kernel which, in connection with this documentation, is also referred to as the "Motion Control Engine"	
Channel	Unit which coordinates the axis motions of an axis group.	
MC-FB	Designates the PLC function blocks that are used to issue commands to the ISG-MC.	
Multiprog	PLC programming system from KW-Software	
Motion library	PLC software application that contains function blocks to move axes in conformity with the PLCopen specification as well as further FBs to assume motion generation tasks	

#### Mandatory note on references to other documents

For the sake of clarity, links to other documents and parameters are abbreviated, e.g. [PROG] for the Programming Manual or P-AXIS-00001 for an axis parameter.

For technical reasons, these links only function in the Online Help (HTML5, CHM) but not in pdf files since pdfs do not support cross-linking.

### 2 PLC library "McpPLCopenP4Ext"

This library contains function blocks which permit access to functions of the ISG-MCE. It contains function blocks which act on the ISG-MCE platform, on axis groups or also on axes. The FBs are informed on which definite instance is accessed at an input as reference to the particular instance. The MCP provides these references as global array after start-up. The definitions for these arrays are saved in the base PLC library for the MCP.

### 2.1 Axis group reference AXES\_GROUP\_REF

The PLCopen Part4 specification requires the provision of a structure named AXES\_GROUP\_REF which must be transferred to the individual FBs as a VAR\_IN\_OUT parameter to identify the axis group commanded. The contents of the AXES\_GROUP\_REF structure are manufacturer-specific as stipulated in the PLCopen definition.

The ISG implementation, the AXES\_GROUP\_REF contains a variable **Hlilfcldx** which can be used for the **axis group index** which addresses an axis group-specific area on the **HLI**.

This axis index is assigned once in every PLC project by calling the FB  $\mathsf{MCV\_Plat-formBase}.$ 

In addition, the structure contains an array for the last six error messages that were notified by the motion controller for an axis group. However, the structure is not defined in the "McpPlcopenP4" library but in the "McpBase" library.

### 2.1.1 Array for data structures of the AXES\_GROUP\_REF type

The data structure AXES\_GROUP\_REF must exist for each axis group, and must be available in all programs pertaining to the PLC project's tasks. To ensure this, all AXES GROUP REF structures are managed in an array named **gAxesGroupRef**.

For PLC applications based on the CoDeSys (3S) environment the array **gAxes**-**GroupRef** is provided by the library McpBase.lib as global variable.

### **3** Overview of the FBs

The table below provides an overview of the available function blocks.

Function block	PLC systems		
	ĸw	35	TwinCAT
MCV_BlockSearchCtrl [▶ 11]	X	X	-
MCV_BlockSearchDeselect [▶ 14]	Х	X	-
MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockCount [▶ 15]	X	X	-
MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockNumber [▶ 18]	Х	X	-
MCV_BlockSearchSetFileOffset [▶ 21]	X	X	-
MCV_ManMode [▶ 25]	X	X	-
MCV_Handwheels [▶ 29]	-	Х	-
MCV_ManModeKeys [▶ 30]	-	Х	-
	-		
MCV_FadeValueLreal [▶ 32]	-	X	-
MCV_GrpAllHomedStatus [▶ 33]	Х	X	-
MCV_GrpBackward [▶ 34]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpFeedhold [▶ 35]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpGetNextPrevAx [▶ 36]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpKinTrafoCmds [▶ 38]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpOperationMode [▶ 39]	-	X	-
MCV_GrpOptionalStop [▶ 42]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpPrgBlockIgnore [▶ 43]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpSetRapidOverride [▶ 44]	-	X	-
MCV_GrpSingleAxSelect [▶ 45]	Х	Х	-
MCV_GrpSingleBlock [▶ 47]	Х	Х	-
MCV_ReadActualPathInfo [▶ 47]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpHFct [▶ 51]	X	X	
MCV_GrpMFct [▶ 53]	X	X	-
MCV_GrpTFct [▶ 55]	Х	x	-

### 4 Function blocks for block search

### 4.1 General information about block search

Block search is only used

- 1. to process part of an NC program with real axis motions or
- 2. to resume execution at the breakpoint after a disruption, for example. Real axis motions then resume at the continuation position.

### 4.2 Use of function blocks for block search

The 4 subtasks for implementing block search are listed below including the associated function blocks used:

#### Subtask 1: Acquire data at a breakpoint

The current data relating to NC program execution must be saved at every reset so that block search can start at the breakpoint. The FB MCV\_ReadActualPathInfo supplied the required information. For this reason it should be called cyclically and always be enabled.

#### Subtask 2: Parameter definition of block search

To ensure an NC program runs in block search mode, the parameters for the required block search type must be sent to the motion controller before the NC program starts. This is implemented by setting the "Execute" input to TRUE. An FB is defined in the library for every block search type available:

- Block search defined by block counter: MCV\_BlockSearchSetBlockCount [ 15]
- Block search defined by block number: MCV\_BlockSearchSetBlockNumber [▶ 18]
- Block search defined by file offset: MCV\_BlockSearchSetFileOffset [ 21]

#### Subtask 3: Handshake with the motion controller

An NC program is started in block search in the same way as without block search. However, if a block search type is enabled by the parameters, the PLC is informed of this after NC program start-up and can then take the required measures. The PLC sends an acknowledgement to the motion controller at the end of these preparations. The motion controller then signals that the continuation position is found and this is again acknowledged by the PLC.

The FB MCV\_BlockSearchCtrl [▶ 11] is used for this task.

#### Subtask 4: Disable block search

The block search type remains enabled after the NC program ends. To ensure that block search is not active at the next program start-up, it must be disabled. The FB MCV\_BlockSearchDeselect [ $\triangleright$  14] is used for this purpose.

### 4.3 MCV\_BlockSearchCtrl

This function block is used to inform the PLC of block search status.

#### Enable:

- Set "Enable" input to TRUE
- "Valid" output displays TRUE

Once the block is enabled by the PLC; the motion controller (MC) signals the state of the blocks search at the outputs of the FB.

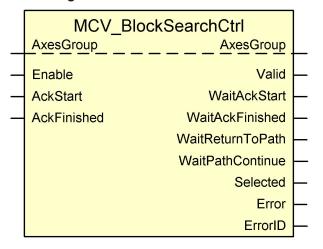
The "Selected" output indicates whether the MC was configured for block search. The next time an NC program is started, no axis motion takes place until the continuation position is found.

All "Wait..." outputs reflect the block search state in the MC.

The PLC sends an acknowledgement over the "AckStart" input to indicate that it was informed by the "WaitAckStart" signal that the MC will start the NC program in block search mode after the PLC has completed the necessary measures, e.g. suppress hardware reaction after the MC outputs technology functions.

The "AckFinished" input is used by the PLC to acknowledge the "WaitAckFinished" output signal, e.g. after hardware reactions are re-enabled after the output of technology functions.

The "WaitReturnToPath" and "WaitPathContinue" output signals are acknowledged by restarting the NC program, e.g. by confirming the START button in an HMI.



#### Block diagram

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If "Enable" is TRUE, the PLC is registered for the block search interface and the MC signals the state of block search over the "Wait" out- puts.
		The MC then waits for the PLC to acknowledge the block search states signalled.
AckStart	BOOL	The output signal "WaitAckStart" is acknow- ledged on the rising edge. This is how the PLC indicates that it has completed its preparations for block search and the MC can start to find the continuation position.
AckFinished	BOOL	The output signal "WaitAckFinished" is acknow- ledged on the rising edge. This is how the PLC indicates that it has received the finished mes- sage that the continuation position was found and its preparations are completed so that real axis motions can finally be resumed.

VAR_OUTPUT			
Variable name	Data type	Description	
Valid	BOOL	When this output is TRUE, the function block outputs indicate the block search state.	
WaitAckStart	BOOL	If the output is TRUE, an NC program was star- ted in block search mode and the MC waits for acknowledgement from the PLC at the "Ack- Start" input before searching for the continu- ation position which was previously configured by one of the FBs MCV_BlockSearchSetBlock- Count [▶ 15] or MCV_BlockSearchSetBlock- Number [▶ 18] or MCV_BlockSearchFileOffset [▶ 21].	
WaitAckFinished	BOOL	If the output is TRUE, the continuation position was found in the NC program and the MC waits for acknowledgement from the PLC at the "AckFinished" input. Up to this point no real axis motion takes place.	
WaitReturnToPath	BOOL	This output is TRUE once the PLC signals via "AckFinished" that the PLC has completed the preparations to permit the execution of real axis motions. This is the signal for the user to ex- ecute an action to move the axes to the continu- ation position if they are not already at this posi- tion. Normally this takes place by pressing the START button in the HMI.	
		Note:	
		The start movement then takes place directly.	
WaitPathContinue	BOOL	TRUE at this output indicates that the axes are located at the continuation position within the permitted deviation. After the ensuring enable, the NC program executes real axis motions starting at the continuation position. Enable nor- mally takes place by pressing the START but- ton in the HMI. The permitted deviation was already defined when block search was configured by the "Devi-	
		ation" input in the FB MCV_BlockSearchSetB- lockCount [▶ 15] or MCV_BlockSearchSetB- lockNumber [▶ 18] or MCV_BlockSearch- FileOffset [▶ 21].	
Selected	BOOL	TRUE indicates that block search was selected by FB MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockCount [▶ 15] or MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockNumber [▶ 18] or MCV_BlockSearchFileOffset [▶ 21]. As a result no real axis motion takes place the next time an NC program is started until a continu- ation position was found.	
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error occurred	
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier	
	l		

### 4.4 MCV\_BlockSearchDeselect

The function block disables block search.

#### **Block diagram**

 MCV_BlockSearchDeselect	
 Execute Done	_
Busy	-
Error	<u> </u>
ErrorID	$\vdash$

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Execute	BOOL	The block search function is deselected on the rising edge.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Done	BOOL	TRUE indicates that block search was deselected.
Busy	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the FB is executing a command
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error occurred.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 4.5 MCV\_BlockSearchSetBlockCount

This FB defines the continuation position by the number of NC program lines read by the MC.

The block counter contains all the NC program lines read by the MC, i.e. repeatedly read lines, empty and comment lines.

#### Block diagram

	MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockCount AxesGroup AxesGroup	
_		
_	CoveredDistance Busy	F
_	DistProgStart Error	F
_	AutoReturn ErrorID	F
_	NoHoldAtRestart	
_	Deviation	
_	BreakPointPosition	
_	BlockCount	

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name Data type Description		Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT			
Variable name	Data type	Description	
Execute	BOOL	The values of the inputs are transferred to the MC on the rising edge to define the search for the continuation position.	
CoveredDistance	LREAL	If the continuation position searched for is not at the start of the NC program line defined by the value specified at the "BlockCount" input, this input specifies which portion of the distance programmed in the NC program line defines the continu- ation position. Unit: 0.1%	
DistProgStart	LREAL	This defines the continuation position search for by means of the distance covered since program start or since the last NC command #DISTANCE PROG START CLEAR. This can also define a continuation position located between the start and end of a motion block. Unit: 0.1µm	
AutoReturn	BOOL	This option defines whether the axes are enabled to move directly to the continuation position after the continuation position is found and after the signal that the MC is waiting for the enable to move to the con- tour ("WaitReturnToPath" output at the FB MCV_BlockSearchCtrl [▶ 11]). If this option is TRUE, the value at the "De-	
		viation" input is not invoked to check the deviation between the continuation position and the actual position of the axes.	
NoHoldAtRestart	BOOL	If this input is TRUE, the NC program con- tinues its execution immediately after the enable signal to move to the contour without any further user input.	
Deviation	UDINT	The value defines the maximum permiss- ible deviation of the axis position from the continuation position after the continuation position is found. Unit: 0.1µm	
BreakpointPosition	LREAL	Indicates an additional breakpoint position as distance from program start. The breakpoint must be located after the continuation position. Unit: 0.1µm	
BlockCount	UDINT	The value is derived from the number of NC program lines which the MC has read since the NC program started. All the lines read by the MC are counted, i.e. repeatedly read lines, empty and comment lines.	

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Done	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the block search para- meters were successfully written to the mo- tion controller.
Busy	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the FB is executing a command
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error occurred
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 4.6 MCV\_BlockSearchSetBlockNumber

This FB defines the continuation position by the block number (N word) of a line containing NC commands. Optionally the continuation position can also be found after the block number has occurred n times.

#### Block diagram

	MCV_BlockSearchSetBlockNumber	
_	AxesGroup AxesGroup	_
	Execute Done	_
_	CoveredDistance Busy	
_	DistProgStart Error	_
_	AutoReturn ErrorID	
_	NoHoldAtRestart	
_	Deviation	
_	BreakPointPosition	
I	BlockNumber	
_	PassCounter	

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name Data type Description		Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Execute	BOOL	The values of the inputs are transferred to the MC on the rising edge to define the search for the continuation position.
CoveredDistance	LREAL	If the continuation position searched for is not at the start of the NC program line defined by the value specified at the "BlockCount" input, this input specifies which portion of the distance pro- grammed in the NC program line defines the continuation position. Unit: 0.1%
DistProgStart	LREAL	This defines the continuation position search for by means of the distance covered since program start or since the last NC command #DISTANCE PROG START CLEAR. This can also define a continuation position located between the start and end of a motion block. Unit: 0.1µm
AutoReturn	BOOL	This option defines whether the axes are enabled to move directly to the continu- ation position after the continuation posi- tion is found and after the signal that the MC is waiting for the enable to move to the contour ("WaitReturnToPath" output at the FB MCV_BlockSearchCtrl [▶ 11]). If this option is TRUE, the value at the "Deviation" input is not invoked to check the deviation between the continuation position and the actual position of the axes.
NoHoldAtRestart	BOOL	If this input is TRUE, the NC program continues its execution immediately after the enable signal to move to the contour without any nurther user input.
Deviation	UDINT	The value defines the maximum per- missible deviation of the axis position from the continuation position after the continuation position is found. Unit: 0.1µm
BreakpointPosition	LREAL	Indicates an additional breakpoint posi- tion as distance from program start. The breakpoint must be located after the continuation position. Unit: 0.1µm
BlockNumber	UDINT	This input defines the continuation posi- tion by the block number. The block number is the number (N word) of an NC line in the NC program.

		Note
		To generate the NC program, the oper- ator or the system is responsible for providing every line which is relevant later, even only once, with a unique block number.
PassCounter	UDINT	Since the block number is detected sev- eral times, e.g. in loops, it is not always unique on its own. In this case, the con- tinuation position may be optionally defined by the additional specification of a pass counter.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Done	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the block search parameters were successfully written to the Motion Controller.
Busy	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the FB is executing a command
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error occurred
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 4.7 MCV\_BlockSearchSetFileOffset

This block search defines a range in which real axis motions can be executed by specifying a continuation/end position (start/end flag) using file offset.

The continuation position is defined by the values at the "Start..." inputs of the function block. The end position is defined by the values at the "End..." inputs.



#### Notice

File offset must be specified so that it describes the start of a line in a particular NC program (main program, global subroutine). A possible existing block number (N word) also belongs to the NC line.

**Options** also include assigning values for the "StartPassCounter" input and **all** "End..." inputs.

If the "End..." inputs assign **no** values, the NC program is executed with real axis motions up to NC program end M30 after the continuation position is found.

If the "End..." inputs were assigned values and the defined end position is reached, execution is aborted and the NC program ends immediately.

#### Block diagram

	MCV_BlockSearchSetFil	eOffset AxesGroup	
_		<u></u>	-
_	Execute	Done	$\vdash$
_	CoveredDistance	Busy	<b>–</b>
_	DistProgStart	Error	$\vdash$
_	AutoReturn	ErrorID	$\vdash$
_	NoHoldAtRestart		
_	Deviation		
_	BreakPointPosition		
_	StartFileOffset		
_	StartFileName		
	StartPathType		
	StartPassCounter		
_	EndFileOffset		
_	EndFileName		
	EndPathType		
_	EndPassCounter		

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Execute	BOOL	The values of the inputs are trans- ferred to the MC on the rising edge to define the search for the continuation position.
CoveredDistance	LREAL	If the continuation position searched for is not at the start of the NC pro- gram line defined by the value spe- cified at the "BlockCount" input, this input specifies which portion of the distance programmed in the NC pro- gram line defines the continuation po- sition. Unit: 0.1%
DistProgStart	LREAL	This defines the continuation position search for by means of the distance covered since program start or since the last NC command #DISTANCE PROG START CLEAR. This can also define a continuation position located between the start and end of a mo- tion block.
AutoReturn	BOOL	Unit: 0.1µm This option defines whether the axes are enabled to move directly to the continuation position after the con- tinuation position is found and after the signal that the MC is waiting for the enable to move to the contour ("WaitReturnToPath" output at the FB MCV_BlockSearchCtrl [▶ 11]). If this option is TRUE, the value at the "Deviation" input is not invoked to
		check the deviation between the con- tinuation position and the actual posi- tion of the axes.
NoHoldAtRestart	BOOL	If this input is TRUE, the NC program continues its execution immediately after the enable signal to move to the contour without any further user in- put.
Deviation	UDINT	The value defines the maximum per- missible deviation of the axis position from the continuation position after the continuation position is found.
		Unit: 0.1µm
BreakpointPosition	LREAL	Indicates an additional breakpoint po- sition as distance from program start.
		The breakpoint must be located after the continuation position.
		Unit: 0.1µm

StartFileOffset	DINT	Defines the continuation position by specifying the file offset of an NC line in the NC program. Note:
		File offset must therefore always point to the start of a line in the NC program. It may also contain an exist- ing block number.
StartFileName	MCV_FILENAME_STR	This is the file name of the file con- taining the NC program in which the continuation position is located.
StartPathType	UINT	Defines whether the file specified at the "StartFileName" input is located in the path of the NC main programs or NC subroutines:
		Possible values:
		0 – main program path (default value)
		1 – subroutine path
StartPassCounter	DINT	The counter indicating the number of times the program is to start before the value is checked by the Start- FileOffset input is checked to determ- ine the continuation position.
		<b>Note:</b> The value 0 (default value) for the counter means that only the Start-FileOffset determines the continuation position. This means that the same behaviour is obtained for block search for the values 0 and 1.
EndFileOffset	DINT	Defines the end position by specify- ing the file offset of an NC line in the NC program. <b>Note:</b>
		File offset must therefore always point to the start of a line in the NC program. It may also contain an exist- ing block number.
EndFileName	MCV_FILENAME_STR	This is the file name of the file con- taining the NC program in which the end position is located.
EndPathType	UINT	Defines whether the file specified at the "EndFileName" input is located in the path of the NC main programs or NC subroutines: Possible values:
		0 – main program path (default value) 1 – subroutine path

EndPassCounter	DINT	The counter indicating the number of times the program is to start before the value is checked by the End- FileOffset input is checked to determ- ine the breakpoint.
		Note:
		The value 0 (default value) for the counter means that only EndFileOffset determines the continuation position. This means that the same behaviour is obtained for block search for the values 0 and 1.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Done	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the block search parameters were success- fully written to the motion controller.
Busy	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the FB is ex- ecuting a command
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error oc- curred
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 5 Function blocks for manual mode

### 5.1 MCV\_ManMode

This FB acts on an axis group (NC channel) when it is in manual mode. (See FB MCV\_GrpOperationMode)

For every axis in the axis group, it defines

- whether an axis is moved in manual mode
- which operating element (key pair or handwheel) supplies the information to move the axis

and what the parameters of the selected manual mode are.

		_
	MCV ManMode	
	AxesGroup AxesGroup	
	Enable Valid	F
_	AxSel Error	-
_	StepSel ErrorID	F
_	ContJog AxSelState	$\vdash$
_	IncrJog StepSelState	$\vdash$
_	Hwheel ContJog_Act	$\vdash$
	IncrJog_Act	$\vdash$
	Hwheel_Act	F
	ContJog_Avail	F
	IncrJog_Avail	$\vdash$
	Hwheel_Avail	$\vdash$

#### Block diagram

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If the input is TRUE, the commands applied to the inputs are commanded for each of the axis groups (NC channel) if they are in manual mode.
AxSel	MCV_AY_MM_AX_SE L	This input enables axes for manual mode and connects to an operating element (key pair or handwheel).
		This is an array containing elements of the data structure MCV_MM_AX_SEL [▶ 27]. Every array element corresponds with the axis which is sorted by the same index in the sequence of the axes in the axis group.
StepSel	MCV_AY_MM_STEP_ SEL	Several parameter data records can be configured for each axis for each manual mode. This input is used to select the parameter data records to be applied in the current manual mode situation.
		This input defines which parameter records are to be ap- plied by specifying the index under which the parameter data record is entered in the axis parameter list.
		Reference to AXIS (internal
ContJog	BOOL	Selects continuous jog mode on a rising edge. Deselects by selecting IncrJog or Hwheel.
IncrJog	BOOL	Selects incremental jog mode on a rising edge. Deselects by selecting ContJog or Hwheel.
Hwheel	BOOL	Selects handwheel mode on a rising edge. Deselects by selecting ContJog or IncrJog.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	TRUE when the inputs are evaluated.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier
AxSelState	MCV_AY_MM_AX_SE L_STATE	This output indicates the current situation, which axes are enabled for manual mode and the operating element they are connected to.
		This is an array containing elements of the data structure MCV_MM_AX_STATE [▶ 27]. Every array element corresponds to the axis which is sorted by the same index in the sequence of the axes in the axis group.
StepSelState	MCV_AY_MM_STEP_ SEL_STATE	This output indicates whether each selectable parameter data record was enabled or is ready to be enabled.
		This is an array containing elements of the data structure MCV_MM_STEP_SEL_STATE [▶ 28]
ContJog_Act	BOOL	Continuous jog mode is activated.
IncrJog_Act	BOOL	Incremental jog mode is activated
Hwheel_Act	BOOL	Handwheel mode is activated.
ContJog_Avail	BOOL	Continuous jog mode is ready.
IncrJog_Avail	BOOL	Incremental jog mode is ready.
Hwheel_Avail	BOOL	Handwheel mode is ready.

#### Data structure MCV\_MM\_AX\_SEL

Before an axis can move in manual mode, it must be enabled for manual mode and be connected to an operating element. The structure variables are used as follows:

- **SelAxis**: This element defines whether an axis was enabled for manual mode (TRUE) or disabled (FALSE).
- CtrlElemId: The identification number defines which operating element acts on the axis in manual mode. Depending on the manual mode type, this is one of the values which were defined by the manual mode parameter P-MANU-00002 or P-MANU-00009.

#### Data structure MCV\_MM\_AX\_SEL\_STATE

This data structure indicates the current state of an axis relating to manual mode. The structure variable

- AxAct: indicates with TRUE that the axis was enables for manual mode.
- **AxAvail**: indicates with TRUE that the axis is ready for manual mode but was not yet selected.
- **CtrlElemId**: indicates the identification number of the operating element which influences the motion of the axis in manual mode.

#### Data structure MCV\_MM\_STEP\_SEL\_STATE

This data structure indicates which of the parameter data records defined in the axis parameter list was enabled for the currently selected manual mode type.

This data structure indicates the currently selected manual mode type for the parameter data records configured in the axis parameter list, whether the single parameter data record was enabled or is ready to enable.

- StepAct: indicates with TRUE that a particular parameter data record is enabled.
- StepAvail: indicates with TRUE that the parameter data record is selectable.



#### Notice

The elements StepAct and StepAvail in a parameter data record may never be TRUE simultaneously.

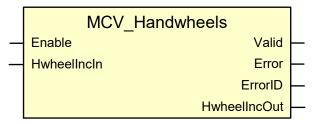
### 5.2 MCV\_Handwheels

The increments output by handwheels are appended to this function block in the form of a counter state. The following criteria must be met to ensure that a change in hand-wheel counter state executes an axis:

The axis group to which an axis belongs must be in **manual mode** (see FB MCV\_GrpOperationMode [▶ 39]).

**Handwheel** mode must be activated for the axis and the axis must be linked to a handwheel (see FB MCV\_ManMode [▶ 25]).

#### Block diagram



#### **FB** parameters

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If the input is TRUE, the motion controller transfers the counter states of the handwheel increments to the axes whose axis group is in <b>manual mode</b> and whose hand-wheel interface was linked to a handwheel.
HwheelIncIn	MCV_AY_MM_HW _INC	The signed counter state of a handwheel is transferred to the motion controller by each element in this array.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Variable name	Variable name
Valid	BOOL	Is TRUE when TRUE is present at the "Enable" input.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	INT	Error identifier
HwheelIncOut	MCV_AY_MM_HW _INC	Every element in the array indicates the counter state of the corresponding input "HwheelIncIn[x]" which was transferred to the motion controller.



#### **Attention**

If axes in different axis groups which are in **manual mode** are connected to the same handwheel, all these axes move when the handwheel counter state changes.

### 5.3 MCV\_ManModeKeys

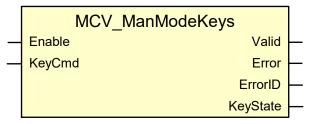
The outputs of keys used as input elements to move axes in incremental or continuous jog mode are connected to this function block.

The following criteria must be met to ensure that an axis moves when these key are pressed:

The axis group to which an axis belongs must be in **manual mode** (see FB MCV\_GrpOperationMode [▶ 39]).

One of the **incremental** or **continuous jog mode** operation modes must be activated for the axis and the axis must be linked to an input element (see FB MCV\_ManualM-ode [> 25]).

#### Block diagram



VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If the input is TRUE, the commands applied to the inputs are commanded for each of the axis groups (NC channel) if they are in manual mode.
KeyCmd	MCV_AY_MM_KEY_ CMD	This input transfers the signals of manual mode keys so that the motion controller starts the corresponding motion.
		This is an array containing elements of the data structure MCV_MM_KEY_CMD [▶ 31].
		The array element [x] then affects all axes which are connected to the operating element where CtrlElemId = $x + 1$ (see FB MCV_ManMode [ $\triangleright$ 25], data structure MCV_MM_AX_SEL [ $\triangleright$ 27]).

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	Is TRUE when TRUE is present at the "Enable" input. The function block then acts on the axis group in manual mode.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	INT	Error identifier
KeyState	MCV_AY_MM_KEY_ STATE	The signals of the manual mode keys are output via this output.
		This is an array containing elements of the data structure MCV_MM_KEY_STATE [▶ 31].



#### Attention

If axes in different axis groups which are in **manual mode** are connected to the same key pair, all these axes move when one of the key pair is pressed.

#### Data structure MCV\_MM\_KEY\_CMD

This structure is used to transfer axis motion signals to the motion controller in incremental or continuous jog mode. The structure variables are used as follows:

- **PosDir**: is assigned TRUE if the key pair is assigned to move the connected axes in a positive direction.
- **NegDir**: is assigned TRUE if the key pair is assigned to move the connected axes in a negative direction.
- **Rapid**: is assigned TRUE if the connected axes are to execute the motion in rapid traverse.

#### Data structure MCV\_MM\_KEY\_STATE

This data structure indicates the current state or a key pair.

- PosDirAct: indicates TRUE if a positive motion direction is commanded.
- NegDirAct: indicates TRUE if a negative motion direction is commanded.
- RapidAct: indicates TRUE if rapid traverse is selected.
- PosDirAvail: TRUE indicates that positive motion direction is not selected.
- NegDirAvail: TRUE indicates that negative motion direction is not selected.
- RapidAvail: TRUE indicates that rapid traverse is not selected.

### 6 General function blocks

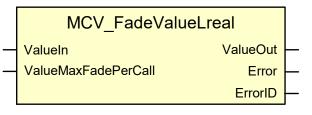
### 6.1 MCV\_FadeValueLreal

This FB is a utility FB which can be used in a PLC application.

This function block is used to output a delayed change in the value at the "ValueIn" input to the "ValueOut" output.

Here the user has the option to influence the change speed by specifying "ValueMax-FadePerCall" at the input and the amount by which the current value should change at the "ValueOut" per call until the value present at "ValueIn" is reached.

#### Block diagram



#### **FB** parameters

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
ValueIn	LREAL	Target value which should be output at the "ValueOut" output. The "ValueIn" input is defaulted to the value 0.0.
ValueMaxFadePerCall	LREAL	Defines the change in the value currently output at the "ValueOut" output every time the function block is called. The change is effective until the same value is output at the "ValueOut" output as is present at the "ValueIn" input.

#### VAR\_OUTPUT

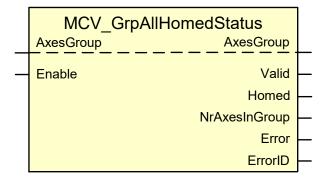
Variable name	Data type	Description
ValueOut	LREAL	Current output value
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 6.2 MCV\_GrpAllHomedStatus

This FB is a utility FB which can be used in a PLC application.

The FB checks whether all axes assigned to an axis group are referenced and indicates how many axes are assigned to this axis group.

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

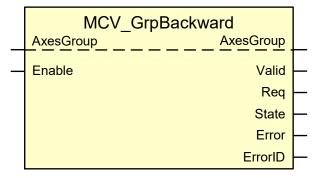
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	It TRUE is applied to the input, the FB checks every time it is called whether all axes in an axis group are referenced.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	TRUE when the Enable input is TRUE.
Homed	BOOL	Is TRUE when all axes in the axis group are referenced.
NrAxesInGroup	UINT	Number of axes present in the axis group
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 6.3 MCV\_GrpBackward

This FB causes the NC kernel to move backwards along the programmed path. For further information on backward motion, see the functional description [FCT-C7].

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

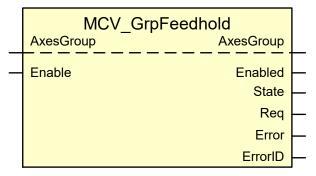
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	The axes move backward on the path as long as the input is TRUE.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	TRUE indicates that backward motion is active.
Req	BOOL	Indicates that another function commanded backward mo- tion e.g. a GUI.
		This command only becomes active when it is applied to the "Enable" input of the FB.
State	BOOL	TRUE indicates that backward motion is activated.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	UDINT	Error identifier

### 6.4 MCV\_GrpFeedhold

This FB triggers a feed hold for an axis group during the interpolation. Deceleration takes place down to the feedrate 0 at the acceleration values entered in the axis group-specific configuration list (see [CHAN]).

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	Feed hold is activated for the axis group as long as the input is TRUE.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enabled	BOOL	Is TRUE when feed hold is activated.
State	BOOL	Status from the MCP that feed hold is activated.
Req	BOOL	TRUE indicates that another control system unit intends to com- mand a feed hold. If this is to be implemented, the Enable input must be assigned TRUE in the PLC application.
Error	BOOL	Indicates whether an error has occurred in an FB.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### 6.5 MCV\_GrpGetNextPrevAx

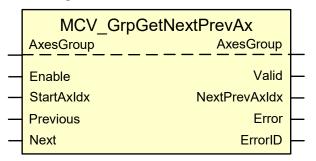
This FB is a utility FB which can be used in a PLC application.

It is used by the FB MCV\_SingleAxisSelect.

With reference to a specified axis, it is used to determine the previous or next axis from the list of axes contained in the axis group.

The result is output as a numerical value. The numerical value is the index which is used to find the searched-for axis from the list of axes in an axis group.

#### **Block diagram**



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	Provided TRUE is present at the input, the index of the searched-for axis in the axis group is determined dependent on the inputs "StartAxIdx", "Previous" and "Next".
StartAxIdx	INT	Index of the axis in the axis group (channel) at which the search for the previous or next axis is started, if a search is made. The search is started when the "Enable" input is set to TRUE for the first time.
Previous	BOOL	If the input is TRUE, a search is made for a lower index in this sequence after the next axis in the sequence of axes in the axis group.
Next	BOOL	If the input is TRUE, a search is made for a higher index in this sequence after the next axis in the sequence of axes in the axis group.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	TRUE when the inputs are evaluated.
NextPrevAxIdx	INT	Index of the searched-for axis in the sequence of axes in the axis group.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

### Behaviour of the FB:

On a rising edge, the "Prev" and "Next" inputs cause a change in the outputs.

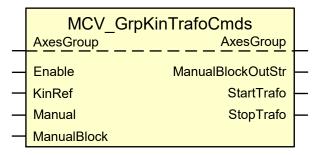
### 6.6 MCV\_GrpKinTrafoCmds

This FB is a utility FB which is used by the McpPLCopen Part4 Extension library itself.

Only when **manual mode** is active for an axis group, the string which is the parameter for manual mode is extended to select or deselect a kinematic transformation depending on the signal at the Enable input.

To achieve this, the string at the "ManualBlock" input is placed in front of the NC command to activate or deactivate.

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	TRUE activates the kinematic transformation specified by KinRef. If FALSE is applied to this input, the currently kinematic transformation is deselected.
KinRef	MC_KIN_REF	Reference to the kinematic transformation.
Manual	BOOL	The signal that indicates that manual mode is active is applied to this input.
ManualBlock	STRING(HLI_IMCM_MODE- _STATE_PARAM_STRL)	The string that acts as parameter when manual mode is activated is applied to this input.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
ManualBlockOutStr	BOOL	Supplies the string which must be applied when hand mode is activated if activating and deactivating a kin- ematic transformation is to be considered.
StartTrafo	BOOL	TRUE indicates that kinematic transformation is activated.
StopTrafo	BOOL	TRUE indicates that kinematic transformation is deactiv- ated.

# 6.7 MCV\_GrpOperationMode

This FB is a utility FB which is used by the McpPLCopen Part4 Extension library itself.

It is used to switch an NC channel to the required mode. The input signals are evaluated, the required commands are generated and sent to the NC kernel via the interface.

#### **Block diagram**

	MCV_GrpOperationMode	
	AxesGroup AxesGrou	<u>р</u>
	Enable Bus	y —
_	Auto_i Don	e —
	Mdi_i Auto_	<u>o</u> —
	Manual_i Mdi_	<u>o</u> —
	Ref_i Manual_	<u>o</u> —
_	Standby_i Ref_	<u>o</u> —
_	ParamAuto Standby_	<u>o</u> —
	ParamMdi Param_	<u>o</u> —
_	ParamMan Start_	<u>o</u> —
_	ParamRef Stop_	<u>o</u> —
_	Start_i Reset_	<u>o</u> —
_	Stop_i Erro	or —
	Reset_i ErrorI	

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If this input is TRUE, the FB can command the modes of the NC kernel.
Auto_i	BOOL	Rising edge switches the NC kernel to AUTOMATIC mode.
Mdi_i	BOOL	Rising edge switches the NC kernel to MANUAL BLOCK mode.
Manual_i	BOOL	Rising edge switches the NC kernel to MANUAL MODE.
Ref_i	BOOL	Rising edge switches the NC kernel to HOMING mode.
Standby_i	BOOL	Rising edge switches the NC kernel to BASE STATE mode.
ParamAuto	STRING(HLI_IMCM_M ODE_STATE_PARAM _STRL)	NC program name in AUTOMATIC mode
ParamMdi	STRING(HLI_IMCM_M ODE_STATE_PARAM _STRL)	Manual block in AUTOMATIC mode
ParamMan	STRING(HLI_IMCM_M ODE_STATE_PARAM _STRL)	If nothing or an empty string is transferred, manual mode is activated. G200 is then commanded internally in the motion controller.
		If a string is transferred, it must be a valid NC block which must terminate at its end with G200.
		<b>Example</b> : Assume a transformation is to be active in manual mode.
		#TRAFO ON\$R\$NG200
		The term \$R\$N is a string defining a line break in structure text according to IEC 61131.
ParamRef	STRING(HLI_IMCM_M ODE_STATE_PARAM _STRL)	If nothing or an empty string is transferred, the NC program with the name rpf.nc is started. The program must be loc- ated in one of the paths which were defined by the para- meters P-STUP-00018 to P-STUP-00021 in the start-up list or which are definable depending on the control system.
		If a string is transferred, it have be a valid NC block.
		<b>Example 1</b> : Homing programmed via manual block:
		G74 X1 Y2 Z3
		<b>Example 2</b> : Automatic program can only be called as subroutine
		L sup_rpf.nc
Start_i	BOOL	Start execution of NC programs or manual blocks in the operation mode activated.
Stop_i	BOOL	Stop processing an operation mode.
Reset_i	BOOL	Reset an operation mode.

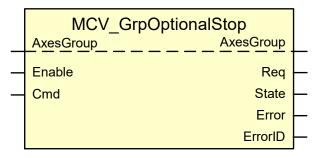
VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Busy	BOOL	TRUE as long as a command is set to the NC kernel.
Done	BOOL	TRUE when the command to change the mode was successfully sent to the NC kernel.
Auto_o	BOOL	TRUE when AUTOMATIC mode is selected.
Mdi_o	BOOL	TRUE when MANUAL BLOCK mode is selected.
Manual_o	BOOL	TRUE when MANUAL MODE is selected.
Ref_o	BOOL	TRUE when HOMING mode is selected.
Standby_o	BOOL	TRUE when BASIC STATE mode is selected.
Param_o	STRING(HLI_IMCM_M ODE_STATE_PARAM _STRL)	Indicates the currently active parameter of the currently se- lected mode (value of one of the 4 parameter inputs)
Start_o	BOOL	TRUE when a mode was activated.
Stop_o	BOOL	TRUE when processing in a mode was stopped.
Reset_o	BOOL	TRUE while a mode is reset.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	INT	Error identifier

# 6.8 MCV\_GrpOptionalStop

The FB defines whether the processing of an NC program is stopped when an M01 occurs in the NC code or whether this M01 is ignored.

For further information on the Optional Stop, see the programming manual [PROG// Optional stop].

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

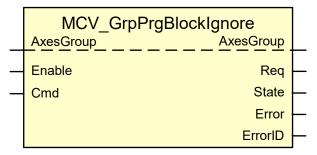
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	A command can be sent via the "Cmd" input as long as the input is TRUE.
Cmd	BOOL	The optional stop is activated as long as TRUE is applied to the input.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Req	BOOL	Indicates that another user commanded the optional stop, e.g. a GUI.
		This command only becomes active when it is applied to the "Enable" input of the FB.
State	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the optional stop function is activated.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	UDINT	Error identifier

# 6.9 MCV\_GrpPrgBlockIgnore

This FB can hide NC blocks which are then not executed when it is preceded by a "*I*" in the NC program (see [PROG//Hiding blocks]).

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

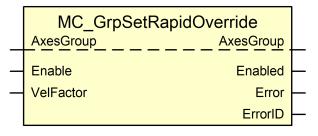
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	A command can be sent via the "Cmd" input as long as the input is TRUE.
Cmd	BOOL	Specially marked NC blocks are skipped and not executed as long as TRUE is applied to the input.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Req	BOOL	Indicates that another user commanded the hiding of NC blocks, e.g. a GUI.
		This command only becomes active when it is applied to the "Enable" input of the FB.
State	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the function for hiding NC blocks is ac- tivated.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	UDINT	Error identifier

# 6.10 MCV\_GrpSetRapidOverride

The FB MCV\_GrpSetRapidOverride specifies a weighting factor which acts on the programmed rapid traverse of the specified axis group.

#### Block diagram



#### FB parameters

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	If TRUE, the value at the "Vel- Factor" input is applied to the pro- grammed rapid traverse.
		The channel parameters P- CHAN-00181 defines the impact of the weighting factor on rapid tra- verse.
VelFactor	LREAL	Weighting factor for the pro- grammed rapid traverse.
		The input is defaulted to the value 1.0.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enabled	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the velocity weighting factor is applied to the programmed rapid traverse.
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error oc- curred.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

#### Behaviour of the FB:

- Under no circumstance does the FB change the axes group state. This means that the value 0.0 for "VelFactor" leads to a stop of the axes in the axis group but the state of the axis group does not change after "GroupStop".
- The value at "VelFactor" retains its validity until a new value is set. Accordingly, if the "Enable" input is set to FALSE, the weighting factor which was last TRUE at "Enable" continues to be valid.

### 6.11 MCV\_GrpSingleAxSelect

This FB is a utility FB which can be used in a PLC application.

With reference to a currently selected axis, it is used to select the previous or next axis from the list of axes contained in the axis group. The result is accessible at the FB both as a Boolean value and a binary encoded value. In addition the output conforming to PLCopen is supported as IDENT\_IN\_GROUP\_REF.

### MCV\_GrpSingleAxSelect AxesGroup AxesGroup Enable Valid Next IdentInGroupRef Previous AxisSelChgd InitChAxIdx AxisAct\_0 ... AxisAct\_15 SelAxisBits

#### FB parameters

**Block diagram** 

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

Г

VAR_INPUT			
Variable name	Data type	Description	
Enable	BOOL	If TRUE is indicated at the input, rising edges are evaluated at the "Next" and "Previous" inputs and the value is con- sidered at the "InitChAxIdx" input.	
Next	BOOL	A rising edge has the result that with respect to the axis just selected, the next axis present in the axis group is detected and the corresponding output is set to TRUE.	
		In this context the next axis means an axis with a higher in- dex than the sequence criterion in the list of axes present in the axis group.	
Previous	BOOL	A rising edge has the result that with respect to the axis just selected, the previous axis present in the axis group is de- tected and the corresponding output is set to TRUE.	
		In this context the previous axis means an axis with a lower index than the sequence criterion in the list of axis present in the axis group.	
InitChAxIdx	INT	Index of the axis in the axis group (channel) which is selec- ted after the "Enable" input was set to TRUE the first time.	
		-1 no output is selected	
		0 "AxisAct_0" output becomes TRUE	
		15 "AxisAct_15" output becomes TRUE	

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	TRUE when the inputs are evaluated.
IdentInGroupRef	IDENT_IN_GROUP_REF	Reference to the assignment of an axis in an axis group.
AxisSelChgd	BOOL	Is TRUE for one PLC cycle when selection has changed and therefore the value changed at the "SelAxisBits" output.
AxisAct_0	BOOL	TRUE indicates the axis in an axis group which is the previous or next axis.
AxisAct_15		
SelAxisBits	WORD	Displays the successful selection as binary value.

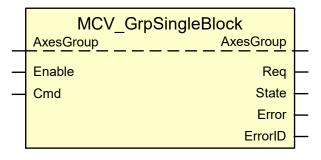
### Behaviour of the FB:

- On a rising edge, the "Prev" and "Next" inputs cause a change in the outputs.
- The FB considers the option that the axes in an axis group may be assigned any position and the list of the axes in an axis group may contain gaps.

# 6.12 MCV\_GrpSingleBlock

This FB activates single step mode while NC blocks are processed.

#### Block diagram



#### FB parameters

VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

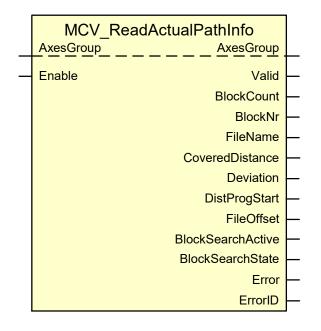
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	A command can be sent via the "Cmd" input as long as the input is TRUE.
Cmd	BOOL	Single step mode is active when NC blocks are processed as long as TRUE is applied to the input.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Req	BOOL	Indicates that another user commanded single step mode, e.g. a GUI.
		This command only becomes active when it is applied to the "Enable" input of the FB.
State	BOOL	TRUE indicates that the single step function is activated.
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when an error occurs.
ErrorID	UDINT	Error identifier

### 6.13 MCV\_ReadActualPathInfo

This block shows data to the currently executed NC program and moves the axes of the axis group.

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type Data type	Description
Enable	BOOL	The FB supplies state values cyclically when this input is TRUE.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Valid	BOOL	Indicates TRUE when valid state values are presented to the outputs.
BlockCount	UDINT	The number of NC program lines which the MC has read since the NC program started. All the lines read by the MC are counted, i.e. repeatedly read lines, empty and comment lines.
BlockNr	UINT	The block number (N word) of an NC line in the NC pro- gram.
FileName	MCV_FILENAME_STR	File name of the file that contains the NC program.
CoveredDistance	LREAL	This data item indicates what part of the distance pro- grammed in the NC command was covered by an NC command which results in a motion. Unit: 0.1%
Deviation	UDINT	Deviation from the axis position from the continuation position when block search was enabled and the con- tinuation position is found.
DistProgStart	LREAL	The sum of the distance traversed since program start of the last occurrence of the NC command #DISTANCE PROG START CLEAR.
		The NC commands #DISTANCE PROG START ON, #DISTANCE PROG START OFF control the distances contained in this sum.
FileOffset	DINT	File offset of the start of the NC program line which results in the currently executed path motion.
BlockSearchActive	BOOL	As long the block search process remains in the HLI_BS_ACTIVE [▶ 47] or HLI_BS_WAIT_FOR_PLC_OFF [▶ 47] state, this value indicates TRUE.
BlockSearchState	INT	Indicates the state of the block search. The possible states are listed in Table 1.
Error	BOOL	TRUE indicates that an error occurred.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

#### **Block search states**

Value	Constant	Description
0	HLI_BS_INACTIVE	A block search was selected.
1	HLI_BS_WAIT_FOR_PLC_ON	An NC program was started in block search mode.
		The MC waits for an acknowledgement from the PLC and then starts the search for the continuation position.
2	HLI_BS_ACTIVE	The MC searches for the continuation posi- tion.
3	HLI_BS_WAIT_FOR_PLC_OFF	The MC has found the continuation position and waits for an acknowledgement from the PLC:
4	HLI_BS_WAIT_RETURN_TO_CONTOUR	The MC waits for the signal to move the parti- cipating axes directing to the continuation po- sition if they are not yet at the continuation position.
5	HLI_BS_RETURNING_TO_CONTOUR	The participating axes move directly to the continuation position.
6	HLI_BS_WAIT_FOR_CONTINUE_CONTOUR	The axes are located at the continuation posi- tion and the MC waits for the signal to con- tinue the NC program. Once this signal is re- ceived, the axes move as programmed in the NC program.



### Notice

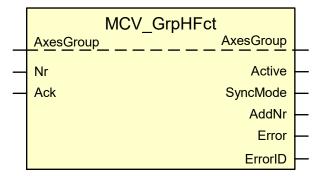
The signal is the continued execution of the NC program already started in block search and takes places by restarting the NC program on the user interface (press the START button in automatic mode) or by the PLC by commanding the "Continue motion" control unit on the PLC interface HLI.

# 7 Function blocks for technology functions

# 7.1 MCV\_GrpHFct

This FB signals the output of an H technology function. It is acknowledged by the PLC provided it is a technology function that was parameterised in the channel parameter list as an axis-specific output function.

#### **Block diagram**



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

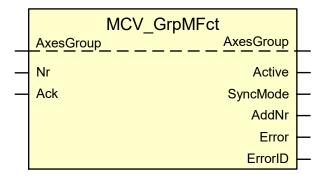
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Nr	UINT	The number of the H technology function handled by the function block is defined via the input.
Ack	BOOL	The H technology function is acknowledged on the rising edge.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Active	BOOL	The output indicates the value TRUE when the technology function was output to the PLC. The output remains TRUE until a rising edge is applied to the "Ack" input.
SyncMode	DWORD	Synchronisation type of an H technology function. This is the value used to define the synchronisation type of the H technology functions in the channel parameter list with the parameter P-CHAN-00027.
AddNr	DINT	A number assigned to an H technology function by programming in the NC program and output when the H technology function is output to the the axis- specific interface in addition to the technology func- tion number. See [PROG//M/H functions with additional informa- tion].
Error	BOOL	Is TRUE if an error occurs in the FB.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

# 7.2 MCV\_GrpMFct

This FB signals the output of an M technology function. It is acknowledged by the PLC provided it is a technology function that was parameterised in the channel parameter list as an axis-specific output function.

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

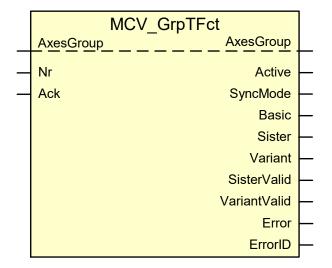
VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Nr	UINT	The number of the M technology function handled by the function block is defined via the input.
Ack	BOOL	The M technology function is acknowledged on the rising edge.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Active	BOOL	The output indicates the value TRUE when the technology function was output to the PLC. The output remains TRUE until a rising edge is applied to the "Ack" input.
SyncMode	DWORD	Synchronisation type of an M technology func- tion.
		This is the value used to define the synchronisa- tion type of the M technology functions in the channel parameter list with the parameter P- CHAN-00041.
AddNr	DINT	A number assigned to an M technology function by programming in the NC program and output when the M technology function is output to the the axis-specific interface in addition to the tech- nology function number.
		See [PROG//M/H- functions with additional in- formation].
Error	BOOL	Is TRUE if an error occurs in the FB.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

# 7.3 MCV\_GrpTFct

This FB signals the output of a tool technology function. It is acknowledged by the PLC provided it is a technology function that was parameterised in the channel parameter list as an axis-specific output function.

#### Block diagram



VAR_IN_OUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
AxesGroup	AXES_GROUP_REF	Axis group reference

VAR_INPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Nr	UINT	The number of the tool technology function handled by the function block is defined via the input.
Ack	BOOL	The tool technology function is acknowledged on the rising edge.

VAR_OUTPUT		
Variable name	Data type	Description
Active	BOOL	The output indicates the value TRUE when the technology function was output to the PLC. The output remains TRUE until a rising edge is applied to the "Ack" input.
SyncMode	DWORD	Synchronisation type of a tool technology function
		This is the value used to define the synchronisa- tion type of the tool technology functions in the channel parameter list with the parameter P- CHAN-00086.
Basic	DINT	Base number of the tool used to identify the tool type.
Sister	DINT	Sister number of the tool used to designate a def- inite specific tool item.
Variant	UDINT	The alternate number of a tool; used to identify different data blocks for a tool.
SisterValid	UINT	Identifier for the sister number of the tool
VariantValid	UINT	Identifier for the alternate number of the tool
Error	BOOL	Indicates TRUE if an error occurs in the FB.
ErrorID	WORD	Error identifier

# 8 Appendix

### 8.1 Suggestions, corrections and the latest documentation

Did you find any errors? Do you have any suggestions or constructive criticism? Then please contact us at documentation@isg-stuttgart.de. The latest documentation is posted in our Online Help (DE/EN):



QR code link: https://www.isg-stuttgart.de/documentation-kernel/ The link above forwards you to: https://www.isg-stuttgart.de/fileadmin/kernel/kernel-html/index.html



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